DAV PUBLIC SCHOOLS,JH-ZONE-H PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION-2020-21 Class: XII Computer Science (083) (Theory)

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

General Instructions:

1. This question paper contains two parts A and B. Each part is compulsory.

2. Both Part A and Part B have choices.

3. Part-A has 2 sections: a. Section – I is short answer questions, to be answered in one word or one line.

b. Section – II has two case studies questions. Each case study has 4 case-based sub-parts. An examinee is to attempt any 4 out of the 5 subparts.

4. Part - B is Descriptive Paper.

5. Part- B has three sections

a. Section-I is short answer questions of 2 marks each in which two question have internal options.

b. Section-II is long answer questions of 3 marks each in which two questions have internal options.

- c. Section-III is very long answer questions of 5 marks each in which one question has internal option.
- 6. All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only

Questio n No.	Part-A	Marks allocated
	Section-I Select the most appropriate option out of the options given for each question. Attempt any 15 questions from question no 1 to 21.	
1)	Which of the following is an invalid variable? a) my_day_2 b) 2nd_day c) day_two d) _2	1
2)	What is the value of bin(0b1010) ? a)17 b) 14 c) 15 d) 23	1
3)	The function pow(x,y,z) is evaluated as: a) (x**y)**z b) (x**y) / z c) (x**y) % z d) (x**y)*z	1
4)	What will be the output of the following Python function? <pre>sum(2,4,6) sum([1,2,3]) a) Error, 6</pre>	1

	b) 12, Error c) 12, 6 d) Error, Error	
5)	What will be the output of the following Python functions? chr ('97') chr (97) a) a Error b) 'a' a c) Error a d) Error Error	1
6)	What will be the output of the following Python function? len(["hello", 2, 4, 6]) a) 4 b) 3 c) Error d) 6	1
7)	What will be the output of the following Python code? 1. def func (a, b=5, c=10): 2. print ('a is', a, 'and b is', b, 'and c is', c) 3. 4. func (3, 7) 5. func (25, c = 24) 6. func (c = 50, a = 100) a) a is 7 and b is 3 and c is 10 a is 25 and b is 5 and c is 24 a is 5 and b is 100 and c is 50 b) a is 3 and b is 7 and c is 10 a is 50 and b is 100 and c is 5 c) a is 3 and b is 7 and c is 10 a is 25 and c is 24 a is 50 and b is 7 and c is 24 a is 50 and b is 7 and c is 5 c) a is 3 and b is 7 and c is 50 d) None of the mentioned	1
8)	What will be the output of the following Python code? def f1(): x=15 print(x) x=12 f1() a) Error b) 12 c) 15 d) 1512	1

9)	 Which of the following statements are true? a) When you open a file for reading, if the file does not exist, an error occurs b) When you open a file for writing, if the file does not exist, a new file is created c) When you open a file for writing, if the file exists, the existing file is overwritten with the new file d) All of the mentioned 	1
10)	What is the use of tell() method in python? a) tells you the current position within the file b) tells you the end position within the file c) tells you the file is opened or not d) none of the mentioned	1
11)	Which of the following are the modes of both writing and reading in binary format in file? a) wb+ b) w c) wb d) w+	1
12)	Which of the following attributes can not be considered as a choice for primary key? a) ID b) License number c) Dept_id d) Street	1
13)	Which operator performs pattern matching in MYSQL? a) BETWEEN b) LIKE c) EXIST d) None of the mentioned	1
14)	Which of the following is not an aggregate function ? a) Avg b) Sum c) With d) Min	1
15)	To fetch the multiple records from the result set you may use <cursor>method in SQL? a) fetch() b) fetchmany() c) fetchmultiple() d) None of the mentioned</cursor>	1
16)	Which command is used to add a new record in a table? a) ADD b) INSERT c) APPEND d) None of the mentioned	1
17)	To run an SQL query from within python you may use <cursor>method()? a) query() b) execute() c) run() d) All of these</cursor>	1
18)	Which of the following is not an example of e-wallet? a) PayTM b) Google Pay c) PhonePe d) PayPal	1
19)	A Hub is a) Broadcast Device b) Unicast Device c) Multicast Device d) None of the above	1
20)	Wi-Fi is an example of a) personal area network	1

		b) local area network c) virtual private network								
		d) wide area	network sign to protect una	authorized	to access to or t	from a private netw	ork is called			
		a) Password	3							
2	21)	b) Firewall	ш						1	
		d) Network S	ecurity							
			y		Section-	-11				
		Both the Case study based questions are compulsory. Attempt any 4 sub parts from each question. Each question								
		Carries 1 mark	eries for (i) to (iv) w	which are h	ased on the followi	ing tables.				
	-									
	Table: SENDER									
		SENDERI	SENDERNAME	Ξ	SENDER	SENDER				
		D			ADDRESS	CITY				
	-	ND01	R Jain		2,ABC Appts	New Delhi				
	-	MU02	H Sinha		12,Newtown	Mumbai				
		MU15	S Jha		27/A,Park	Mumbai				
	-	ND50			Street	New Delhi				
	-	11250	I Prasad		122-K,SDA	itew Denni				
		Table: RECII	PIENT							
2	22)	RECID	SEND	RF	FCNAME	REC	REC			
		ALCID	ERID	iu iu		ADDRESS	CITY			
		KO05	ND01	R Bajpayee		5,Central Avenue	Kolkata			
	-	ND08	MU02	S Mahajan		116,A Vihar	New delhi			
	-	MU19	ND01	H Singh		2A,Andher i East	Mumbai			
	-	MU32	MU15	P K Swamy		B5,C S SDA	Mumbai			
		ND48	ND50	S Tripathi		12B,SKD	New Delhi			
	I)	To display th	e names of all ser	nders fron	n Mumbai.				1	
	ii)	To display th	e RECID, SENDER	NAME, SEN	NDERADDRESS, RE	ECNAME, RECADDR	ESS for every Reci	pients.	1	
	III)	To display Re	ecipient details in	ascendin	g order of RECNA	AME.			1	
	IV)	To display nu	umber of Recipien	ts from ea	ach city.				1	
	V)	Insert a new	column as "MOBI	LE" in RE	CIPIENT Table.				1	
	-									
		Sanjay Verm namely mess	a has been asked age.txt, which sto	by his ser ores the f	nior to complete ollowing text.	the following code	e. The code uses a	text file		
2	23)	The stimulus a push to gro	would focus on jo wth with product	ob manufa ion linked	acturing and a fu d incentive schen	irther extension of nes.	the Cabinet's dec	ision to give		
		The incompl	ete code is follo	ws:						
		def count_wo bigwords	ords(filename) =0		# # ⁻	Reference A To store the count	of big words			

		with open(filename,"r") as f: 					
		# Fill Line3					
		for w in words:					
		: # Fill_Line4A					
		# Fill_Line4B					
		return bigwords,len(words) #Reference B					
		#main					
		Dript/"total number of words:" count) # Poforonso C					
		Print(total number of words: ,count) # Reference C Print("No. of big words: " big) # Poforonco D					
	i)	Complete Fill_Line1 so that function count_words() is called. Refer to reference lines (reference	1				
	,	A,B,C,d) before completing this line.					
	ii)	Complete Fill_Line2 so that all the contents of the open file are read into variable data	1				
	iii)	Complete Fill_Line3 so that individual words are extracted from the read data and stored in a list	1				
	,	namely words.					
	iv)	Complete Fill_Line4A, Fill_Line4B so that count of words having length more than eight characters is	1				
	,	Calculated in the variable Digwords .					
	V)	After completing the code, what will be the output produced?	1				
		Part-B					
		Section 1					
		Section-i					
24)		b) 50 and 10 or pot 11.32					
		b) 50 and 10 of not 11>55					
		a) what is the difference between packet and message switching?					
	25)	or					
		b) How trojan horses are different from worms? Mention any one difference.					
4	26)	a) WLL D)URL C) GSM d)VOIP					
		Find and write the output of the following python code:					
		def fun(s):					
		k=len(s)					
		m=" "					
		for i in range(0,k):					
		if(s[i].isupper()):					
		m=m+s[i].lower()					
2	27)	<pre>elif s[i].isalpha():</pre>	2				
		m=m+s[i].upper()					
		else: m=m+'bb'					
		print (m)					
		fun ('school2@com')					
		or					
		b) Explain the use of local and global variable in function with an example?					
		What possible outputs(s) are expected to be displayed on screen at the time of					
		execution of the program from the following code? Also specify the maximum values					
		that can be assigned to each of the variables FROM and TO.					
		import random					
	28)	AR=[20,30,40,50,60,70];					
		FROM=random.randint(1,3)					
		TO=random.randint(2,4)					
		for K in range(FROM.TO+1):					

print (AR[K],end="#") (i) 10#40#70# (ii) 30#40#50# (iii)50#60#70# (iv) 40#50#70#	
(i) 10#40#70# (ii) 30#40#50# (iii)50#60#70# (iv) 40#50#70#	
(i) 10#40#70# (ii) 30#40#50# (iii)50#60#70# (iv) 40#50#70#	
(11) 30#40#50# (iii)50#60#70# (iv) 40#50#70#	
(iii)50#60#70# (iv) 40#50#70#	
(iv) 40#50#70#	
Write the output of the following code:	
List1=["Fndish" "Physics" (hemistry" "Maths"]	
print (fight) (
29) print(Listi[-2])	2
print(List1[4:2:-1])	
<pre>print(List1[3:])</pre>	
30) Define Primary key, check, default, unique constraints in	SQL. 2
31) Differentiate between degree and cardinality.	2
22) Evaluin about TCL and DML and name its some commands	2
32) Explain about fel and bal and name its some commands.	Z
Write the output of the following python code:	
i=5	
]	
x=0	2
i=i+(j-i)	2
x=j+i	
33) print x, ":", i	
i=i**2	
v=i+i	
4 - 4 + 4	
i=i+1	
i=i+1 print i,":",j	
i=i+1 print i,":",j	
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II</pre>	
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code :</pre>	
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+")</pre>	
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f wnite ("0123456780abcdof")</pre>	
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") 34) Section-II </pre>	3
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 </pre>	3
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2</pre>	3
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2</pre>	3
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet</pre>	3 cs from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a provisition text file alpha text</pre>	3 cs from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt.</pre>	3 cs from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text:</pre>	3 Is from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country"</pre>	3 :s from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should here</pre>	3 Is from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be:</pre>	3 Is from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I</pre>	3 rs from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M</pre>	3 rs from
i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Section-II 34) Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M I M	3 rs from
i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C	3 rs from
i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M G 35)	s from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C Or Write a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed</pre>	3 :s from 3 ' from
i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C Or Write a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed a pre-written text file data text	3 :s from 3 ' from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C Vrite a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed a pre-written text file data.txt.</pre>	3 rs from 3 ' from
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C Vrite a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed a pre-written text file data.txt. Eg: For the datafile containing the following text:</pre>	s from 3
i=i+1 print i, ":", j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C Or Write a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed a pre-written text file data.txt. Eg: For the datafile containing the following text: "My schooling days ended long back. I supported my family thereafter."	s from 3
<pre>i=i+1 print i, ":", j Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C Or Write a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed a pre-written text file data.txt. Eg: For the datafile containing the following text: "My schooling days ended long back. I supported my family thereafter." The output should be:</pre>	s from 3
<pre>i=i+1 print i,":",j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M G C Or Write a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed a pre-written text file data.txt. Eg: For the datafile containing the following text: "My schooling days ended long back. I supported my family thereafter." The output should be:</pre>	s from 3
i=i+1 print i, ":", j Section-II Consider the following code : f = open ("mytry", "w+") f.write ("0123456789abcdef") f.seek (-3,2) #1 printf.read(2)#2 Explain statement 1 and give output of 2 Write a python function printcaps() that prints all the upper-case alphabet a prewritten text file alpha.txt. Eg: for the datafile containing the following text: "India is My Country" The output should be: I M C Or Write a python function printed() that prints all the words ending with 'ed a pre-written text file data.txt. Eg: For the datafile containing the following text: "My schooling days ended long back. I supported my family thereafter." The output should be: ended	3 25 from 3 7 from 3

	Write the outr	outs for SOI	queries (i) to	(iii) v	vhich are h	ased o	n the tables			
	write the outp			, (iii <i>),</i> v		uscu o	in the tables.			
36)										
	Table: TRAINER									
	TID	TNAME		CITY		HIREDATE		SALARY		
	101	SUNAINA		MUMBAI		1998-	1998-10-15			
	102 ANMIKA			DELHI		1994-12-24		80000		
	103 DEEPTI			CHANDIGARH		2001-11-21		82000		
	104 MEENAKSHI		II	DELH	I	2002-	12-25	78000		
	105	RICHA		MUM		1996-01-12		95000		
	106	MANIPRAB	HA CHEN		INAI	2001-12-12		69000		
	Table: COURSE									
	CID		CNAME		FEES STAF		STARTDATE TID		TID	
	C201		AGDCA		12000	.2000 2018-07-0		2 101		
	C202		ADCA		15000 2018-07		2018-07-15		103	
	C203		DCA		10000		2018-10-01		102	
	C204		DDTP		9000		2018-09-15		104	
	0001		DUN		22222				4.0.4	

	C204	DDTP	9000	2018-09-15	104					
	C204	DHN	20000	2018-08-01	101					
	C205	O LEVEL	18000	2018-07-25	105					
	 i) SELECT TID, TNAME, FROM TRAINER WHERE CITY NOT IN('DELHI', 'MUMBAI'); ii) SELECT DISTINCT TID FROM COURSE; iii) SELECT TID, COUNT(*), MIN(FEES) FROM COURSE GROUP BY TID HAVING COUNT(*)>1; 									
	W/with a preserve that does and	ing upon upon's sheing			ali					
	write a program that depend	ing upon user's choice	etther pushes or po	ops an element in sta	CK.					
37)	Write Insert(teamO) and Dele	te(teamO) functions	in python to add a te	eam name and remov	ve a team name	3				
	considering teamQ to act as I	nsert and Delete operations	ations of the data st	ructure Queue.						
		•	Section-III	•						
	Ravya Industries has set	up its new center a	t Kaka Nagar for	its office and web	based activities.					
	The company compound	has 4 buildings as	shown in the dia	gram below:						
	Center to center distances between various buildings is as follows:									
38)	В	Raj ilding	Fazz Juilding			5				
	Harsh Building		Jazz Building							
	Center to center distances	s between various	buildings is as fo	llows:						
	Harsh Building to Raj Bu	ilding	:50 m							
	Raz Building to Fazz Bui	lding	:60 m							
	Fazz Building to Jazz Bu	ilding	:25 m							
	Jazz Building to Harsh B	uilding	:170 m							

:125 m

Harsh Building to Fazz Building

Harsh Building

Raj Building

Raj Building to Jazz Building 90 m

Number of Computers in each of the buildings is follows:

: 15

: 150

7

3

	Fazz Building : 15	
	Jazz Bulding : 25	
	e1) Suggest a cable layout of connections between the buildings.	
	e2) Suggest the most suitable place (i.e. building) to house the server of this organization with a	
	suitable reason.	
	e3) Suggest the placement of the following devices with justification:	
	(i) Internet Connecting Device/Modem	
	(ii) Switch	
	e4) The organization is planning to link its sale counter situated in various parts of the same city.	
	which type of network out of LAN. MAN or WAN will be formed? Justify your answer	
	a) What is the difference between DML and DDL in SOL? [2]	
39)	b) What is the difference a ORDER BY clause and a GROUP BY clause of SQL SELECT statement? [2]	5
/	c) What is the difference between DROP and DELETE commands? [1]	_
	Consider a binary file Employee.dat containing details such as empno: ename: salary (separator '	
40)	:'). Write a python function to display details of those employees who are earning between 20000	5
- /	and 40000 (both values inclusive)	_
	Or	
	Write a function in python to search and display details of all those students, whose stream is	
	"HUMANITIES" from nickled file "Student dat" Assuming the nickled file is containing the objects of	
	the following class:	
	class STUDENT:	
	<pre>definit(self):</pre>	
	self.RNO = 0	
	self.NAME = " "	
	self.STREAM = " "	
	self.PERCENT = 0.0	
	def ACCEPT(self):	
	self.RNO = input("Enter Koli no")	
	self STRFAM = raw input ("Enter Stream")	
	self.PERCENT = input("Enter percentage")	
	def DISPLAY(self):	
	print self.RNO, self.NAME, self.STREAM, self.PERCENT	
	<pre>def RET_STREAM(self):</pre>	
	return (self.STREAM)	